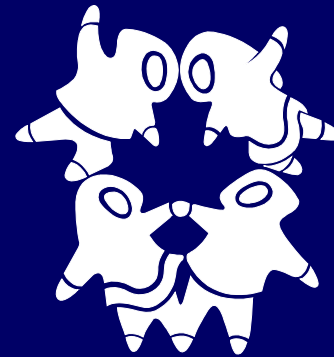


KANATAU INUNGI INUIT OF CANADA



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INUIT TAPIRIIT KANATAMI



Four Inuit Regions of Canada

- *Inuit regions cover 40% of Canada landmass*
 - Inuvialuit/Nunaaqput (NWT)
 - Nunavut (Kivalliq, Kitikmeot, Kakivak)
 - Nunavik (Northern Quebec)
 - Nunatsiavut (Labrador)
-

Inuit Population

□ **Canadian Inuit approx. 50,480**

53 communities, the smallest Umungmaktuk in Nunavut has less than 20 people, the largest Iqaluit, the capital of Nunavut Has over 6,000 people, Inuit and non-Inuit)

□ **Circumpolar Inuit approx. 150,000**

Alaska

Greenland

Chukotka (Russia)





Land Claims Negotiations

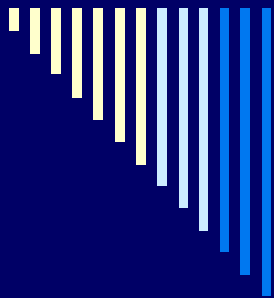
Inuit have signed land claim agreements in order to fully exercise their rights within Canadian society, including their right of self-government.

- November 11, 1975 James Bay, Nunavik
 - June 5, 1984 Inuvialuit
 - May 27, 1993 Nunavut agreement
 - April 1, 1999 official creation of Nunavut
 - January 22, 2005 Nunatsiavut
 - December 1, 2005 Nunatsiavut Government
-



Inuit Aboriginal Human Resource Development Agreement holders (AHRDS, HRSDC)

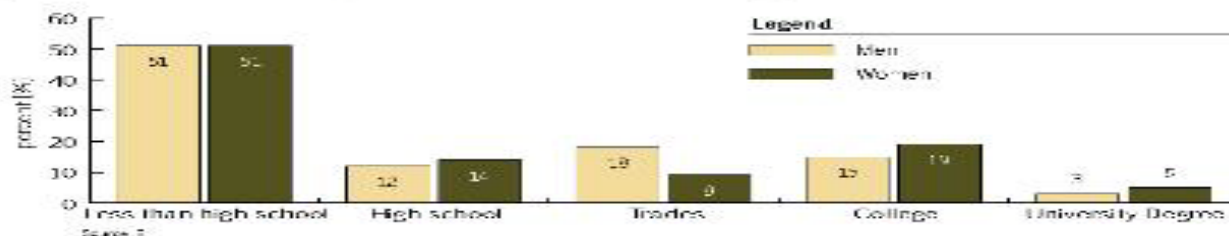
- ❑ Nunatsiavut Government (Newfoundland & Labrador)
 - ❑ Kativik Regional Government (Northern Quebec)
 - ❑ Kakivak Association (Nunavut)
 - ❑ Kivalliq Partners in Development (Nunavut)
 - ❑ Kitikmeot Economic Development Commission (Nunavut)
-



- ITK national coordinating role for AHRDS – Inuit Human Resource Development Technical Committee
- Successes and challenges in the Inuit human resource development process

Formal Education, Paid Work and Income

Highest level of education completed for Inuit men and women aged 25-64, 2006



Main reasons for Inuit not finishing elementary or high school, 2001

Main Reasons	Selected Inuit communities in Labrador (%)	Nunavik (%)	Nunavut (%)	Inuvialuit Region (%)	All Canadian Inuit (%)		Total (Canadian Inuit combined)
					Male	Female	
Wanted to work	17*	5	9	21	15	7	11
Had to work	6*	7	9	10*	13	5	9
Bored with school	13*	13	12	9*	15	10	13
Pregnancy or taking care of children	7*	12	13	12	17	25	13
To help at home	13*	5	9	11*	6	10	8
No school available	12*	5	8	6	6	0	7

Source: 20

Unemployment rates²⁷ for Inuit and non-Inuit adults, Aged 25-64, 2006

Group	Inuit		Non-Inuit	
	Male (%)	Female (%)	Male (%)	Female (%)
Canada	23	15	5	5
Nunatsiavut	45	21	21	0
Nunavik	21	17	8	4
Nunavut	13	15	3	3
Inuvialuit region	29	21	4	4
Total (excludes land claims)	16	13	5	5

²⁷ The unemployment rate includes those aged 25 and over who are not working but are available for work and are looking for work, have no temporary placement and are planning to enter the labour force within 90 days of becoming available.

Main reasons for not currently working among Inuit adults, 2001

Main Reasons	Selected Inuit communities in Labrador (%)	Nunavik (%)	Nunavut (%)	Inuvialuit (%)
Going to school	28	19	22	21
No full-time job available	22	25	28	11*
Health problems	4*	4*	7	11*
Family responsibilities	6*	16	19	13*
Not qualified for available jobs	7*	2*	7	x
Retired	23	12	10	18

Source: 20



Broadband connectivity in Inuit communities

Broadband connectivity in Inuit communities: 2006

Region	Communities	ADSL	High Speed Wireless	Ka Band Satellite	No High Speed
Nunatsiavut	5	5	0	0	0
Nunavik	14	0	14	0	0
Nunavut	28	1	25	6	3*
Inuvialuit	6	1	6	0	0
Total	53	7	45	6	3

*Three Nunavut "communities" (Bathurst Inlet, Umingmatok, and Navisiviik) do not have service primarily because they are either extremely small (camps) or are slated for closure. Source: 14



Use of communication technology

Use of Communication Technology

Use of communication technology, adults, 2001

Communication Technology	Inuit in Selected Inuit communities in Labrador (%)	Inuit in Nunavik (%)	Inuit in Nunavut (%)	Inuit in Inuvialuit Region (%)	All Canadians age 15 and over (%)
Used a computer in the past 12 months	65	44	51	56	N/A
Used the Internet in the past 12 months	54	28	34	44	53
Do not have a phone at home	9	13	13	11	3

Source: 10



Questions, Comments?

